RELATIVE CLAUSES

I. Underline the correct words in italics.

1 Is there a tailor's near your office

- 1. Dammann's, with who / whom we do most of our business, is based in France-
- 2. Thanks to Mike Bailey, who / whom we have worked with for years, we have created many original designs.
- 3. The personnel in the home deliveries department, about *who / whom* we have had the most complaints, need to be trained.
- 4. We've got a fantastic IT manager called brenda Lynch, who / whom we couldn't survive without.
- 5. Mr Baughen, who / whom the CEO has named as his successor, joins the company in August.
- 6. Our report shows that labour market reforms have encouraged firms to employ more young, part-time and unskilled workers, *who / whom* they could not afford to hire previously.

II. Complete these questions using where,	which, that or –	(nothing).	Sometimes m	ore than
one answer is possible.				

I could get a suit made?

2. Do you work in a sector	_ there's a lot of competition?
3. In your building, is there a place	you can get a good view of the city?
4. Can you recommend a good hotel _	I could stay at in your city?
5. Do you know a good restaurant	we could get Japanese food?
6. Do you have one particular desk	you always work at, or do you 'hot desk'?
(share different desks at different t	imes)
7. Does your company have a restaura	ant employees can get meals or coffee?
8. Could you tell us about the regions	your company has been most successful in?
	r work experience. Complete these extracts using whom Sometimes more than one relative pronoun is possible.
I used to be a sccessful high flyer, but	the company for I was working went out of
business and I was made redundant. E	Being unemployed for a long time really destroys your
confidence and I was getting to the po	oint I thought that I'd never get another job.
Eventually, a suitable job came up nea	r to the place I was living at the time. I went
to meet the technical manager,immediately.	I got on very well with, and she offered me the job
iiiiiieuiateiy.	

When I first started, I loved my job on the factory floor and I became very good good and fast at it. Unfortunately, this meant that I was disliked by the people I worked with because they weren't as efficient as me. But on a more positive note, I was promoted several times, until there came a time I became a full time manager of a small section of the factory. The funny thing is that when this happens you get to a point you don't do any technical work any more and I found myself in a situation I didn't really have enought to do!
IV. Match the beginnings (1-8) with the endings (a-h) of these sentences from a discussion about women in the workplace. Complete the sentences using who, that, which and whose.
1. Welcome to today's discussion,
2. There are many talented women
3. There are still too many managers
4. The first thing
5. I remember one manager
6. It is important to set specific targets
7. We need a system of rewards
8. We should congratulate employers
a) attitudes have not changed.
b) all employers can try to meet.
c) said that women shouldn't have a job and a family.
d) is 'Women in the workplace'.
e) are not being paid as much as men.
f) record of employing women is good.
g) are given to the best employers.
h) needs to be done is to publicise the issue.

1.	I deal with customers. Most of them are very pleasant.
2.	Mary works for an international company. It has a very good reputation.
3.	Emma's got a new boss. She doesn't like him.
4.	We wanted to stay in a hotel. It was fully booked.
5.	Yesterday I met someone. His brother works in your department.

V. Combine the two sentences into one using relative pronouns or adverbs.