



Computer architecture

Recap 6502

Examples-.-.-----

**Fill 512 bytes of memory from location \$200
with value \$1**

LDA #\$01

LDX #\$00

loop:

STA \$200, X

STA \$300, X

INX

BNE loop

- Moving the other way

LDA #\$01

LDX #\$00

start:

STA \$200, X

STA \$300, X

INX

BNE start

Fill half of the memory with one and other half
with another colour

LDX #\$00

loop:

LDA #\$01

STA \$200, X

STA \$300, X

LDA #\$02

STA \$400, X

STA \$500, X

INX

BNE loop

LDA #\$05

LDX #\$00

start:

STA \$200, X

STA \$300, X

INX

BNE start

LDA #\$06

LDX #\$00

start2:

STA \$400, X

STA \$500, X

INX

BNE start2

Store one 32 bit number in memory starting at \$200, another at \$210. Choose how to store the number yourself. Add those numbers and store result in \$220.

LDA #\$ff	STA \$217
STA \$200	LDX #15
STA \$201	LDY #0
STA \$202	loop:
STA \$203	TYA
STA \$204	ADC \$200, X
STA \$205	ADC \$210, X
STA \$206	BCS set_carry
STA \$207	LDY #0
LDA #\$ff	JMP return
STA \$210	set_carry:
STA \$211	LDY #1
STA \$212	JMP return
STA \$213	return:
STA \$214	STA \$220, X
STA \$215	DEX
STA \$216	BPL loop

;prvi broj	STA \$0213
LDA #\$14	
STA \$0200	;zbroj
LDA #\$56	LDA \$0203
STA \$0201	ADC \$0213
LDA #\$ae	STA \$0223
STA \$0202	
LDA #\$e8	LDA \$0202
STA \$0203	ADC \$0212
	STA \$0222
;drugi broj	
LDA #\$54	LDA \$0201
STA \$0210	ADC \$0211
LDA #\$56	STA \$0221
STA \$0211	
LDA #\$ae	LDA \$0200
STA \$0212	ADC \$0210
LDA #\$e8	STA \$0220

LDA #\$01	LDX #\$03
STA \$200	loop1:
STA \$201	LDA \$200, X
STA \$202	ADC \$210, X
STA \$203	STA \$220, X
	DEX
LDA #\$01	BNE loop1
STA \$210	
STA \$211	LDA \$200
STA \$212	ADC \$210
STA \$213	STA \$220

Create two dots in the middle of the „video memory”. Animate them moving in oposite directions, first on X then on Y axis.
Repeat until reset.

function:

LDX #\$0

LDY #\$10

LDA #\$01

STA \$410

loop:

LDA #\$00

STA \$410, X

STA \$400, Y

INX

DEY

CPX #\$10

BEQ quit

LDA #\$01

STA \$410, X

STA \$400, Y

JMP loop

quit:

JMP function

function:	TAY	TXA
LDX #\$00	LDA #\$01	ADC #\$1f
LDY #\$ff	STA \$411, X	TAX
LDA #\$01	STA \$311, Y	TYA
STA \$410	TXA	SBC #\$1f
LDA #\$00	CMP #\$ff	TAY
STA \$410	SEC	LDA #\$01
CLC	BNE loop	STA \$511, X
loop:	LDA #\$00	STA \$211, Y
LDA #\$00	STA \$411, X	TXA
STA \$411, X	LDX #\$00	CMP #\$df
STA \$311, Y	LDY #\$ff	SEC
TXA	CLC	BNE loop2
ADC #\$1f	loop2:	LDA #\$00
TAX	LDA #\$00	STA \$511, X
TYA	STA \$511, X	STA \$211, Y
SBC #\$1f	STA \$211, Y	JMP function

jsr MainLoop	DEY	STA dotDownL LDA #\$04	IncreaseDownDotH: CLC	sta dotUpH rts
DoAnimationOnX:	BNE LoopX	STA dotDownH	LDA dotDownH	LoopY:
jsr InitX	rts	rts	adc #\$01	jsr print
jsr LoopX			cmp #\$06 ; Outside of screen	jsr DecreaseDownDot
rts	; ===== Y animation ===== ; define dotUpL \$10	print: CLC	beq MainLoop	jsr DecreaseUpDot
InitX:	define dotUpH \$11	LDX #0		
LDA #\$03 ; A = #\$03		LDA #\$03	sta dotDownH	jsr LoopY
LDX #\$00 ; X = #\$10 ; X = right dot	define dotDownL \$20	STA (dotUpL,x) ; print up dot	rts	
LDY #\$10 ; Y = #\$0F ; Y = left dot	define dotDownH \$21	STA (dotDownL,x) ; print down dot		
rts			DecreaseUpDot:	MainLoop:
	DoAnimationOnY:		SEC	jsr DoAnimationOnX
	JSR InitY	LDA #\$00	LDA dotUpL	jsr DoAnimationOnY
LoopX:	JSR LoopY	STA (dotUpL,x) ; clear up dot	SBC #\$20	jsr MainLoop
; print both dot	rts	STA (dotDownL,x) ; clear down dot	sta dotUpL	
LDA #\$03		rts	BCC DecreaseDownDotH	
STA \$3F0,X			rts	
STA \$3FF,Y	InitY:			
	; initialise	DecreaseDownDot:	DecreaseDownDotH:	
; clear both dot	LDA #\$F0	CLC	SEC	
LDA #\$00	STA dotUpL	LDA dotDownL	LDA dotUpH	
STA \$3F0,X	LDA #\$03	adc #\$20	SBC #\$01	
STA \$3FF,Y	STA dotUpH	sta dotDownL	cmp #\$01 ; Outside of screen leave the game	
INX	LDA #\$0F	BCS IncreaseDownDotH rts	beq MainLoop	

LDA #\$01

LDY #\$00

loop1:

 LDA #\$00

 STA \$42E, X

 STA \$430, Y

 LDA #\$01

 INX

 DEY

 STA \$42E, X

 STA \$430, Y

 BNE loop1